

## 刺果番荔枝种子中的新环肽——刺果番荔枝环肽 A<sup>\*</sup>

李朝明<sup>1</sup> 谭宁华<sup>1</sup> 吕瑜平<sup>1</sup> 梁惠玲<sup>1</sup> 穆青<sup>1</sup> 郑惠兰<sup>2</sup>

郝小江<sup>1</sup> 周俊<sup>1</sup>

(<sup>1</sup> 中国科学院昆明植物研究所植物化学开放实验室, 昆明 650204)

(<sup>2</sup> 中国科学院昆明植物研究所西双版纳热带植物园, 勐腊 666303)

**摘要** 从刺果番荔枝种子中得到 1 个新环肽, 命名为刺果番荔枝环肽 A(annomuricatin A). 通过多种 2D-NMR 技术、pos. FAB-MS 和氨基酸分析, 其结构确定为环(脯-苯丙-缬-丝-丙-甘), 是 1 个环六肽。

**关键词** 刺果番荔枝, 番荔枝科, 种子, 环肽, 刺果番荔枝环肽 A

## ANNOMURICATIN A, A NEW CYCLOPEPTIDE FROM THE SEEDS OF ANNONA MURICATA

LI Chao-Ming<sup>1\*</sup>, TAN Ning-Hua<sup>1</sup>, LU Yu-Ping<sup>1</sup>, LIANG Hui-Ling<sup>1</sup>  
Mu Qing<sup>1</sup>, ZHENG Hui-Lan<sup>2</sup>, HAO Xiao-Jiang<sup>1</sup>, ZHOU Jun<sup>1</sup>

(<sup>1</sup> Laboratory of Phytochemistry, Kunming Institute of Botany, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Kunming 650204)

(<sup>2</sup> Xishuangbanna Tropical Botanic Garden, Kunming Institute of Botany, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Mengla 666303)

**Abstract** A new cyclopeptide, annomuricatin A, has been isolated from the seeds of *Annona muricata* and the structure was elucidated by extensive 2D-NMR methods, pos. FAB-MS, and amino acid analysis.

**Key words** *Annona muricata*, Annonaceae, Seeds, Cyclopeptide, Annomuricatin A

Recently we have reported a series of cyclopeptides with unique structures from higher plants<sup>[1-2]</sup>. As part of our on going investigation of cyclopeptides, we have isolated several cyclopeptides from Annonaceae for the first time<sup>[3]</sup>. The fruits of *Annona muricata* Linn. (Annonaceae) is edible in Yunnan province(China). As well as others in the family Annonaceae it has recently come under intense scrutiny as potential sources of the potent biologically active Annonaceous acetogenins<sup>[4-7]</sup>. Now we describe the isolation and structure determination of one novel cyclopeptide named annomuricatin A from the plant seeds based on extensive 2D-NMR methods, pos. FAB-MS, and amino acid analysis.

\*. 云南省科委应用基础研究基金资助项目

1995-05-03 收稿, 1995-07-10 修回

## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Annomuricatin A was isolated from the  $\text{CHCl}_3$  fraction of the alcohol extract of *A. muricata* seeds by column chromatography as described in the experimental.

Annomuricatin A, needles, gave a negative ninhydrin reaction and showed a peak due to  $[M+1]^+$  at  $m/z$  559.2880 (calcd. 559.2949,  $\Delta$ -6.8mmu) corresponding to molecular formula:  $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{38}\text{N}_6\text{O}_7$  in the positive HRFAB-MS. IR maxima absorptions at 3250, 1720, 1685  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  and UV at 202( $2.8 \times 10^3$ ) nm indicated the compound might be a peptide<sup>[1]</sup>. Amino acid analysis of the compound after hydrolysis with 6 mol/L HCl at 110 °C gave the composition: Ser(1eq), Gly(1eq), Ala(1eq), Val(1eq), Phe(1eq), and Pro(1eq). Extensive application of 2D-NMR techniques was then used to determine the identity of the six amino acid units. The 400 MHz  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum clearly showed the presence of only five amide NH at  $\delta$  8.91, 8.23, 8.15, 8.05, 7.43, and the 100 MHz  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum showed six amide CO at  $\delta$  171.55, 170.54, 170.38, 169.62, 168.64, 167.89. By following the spin systems of these protons using  $^1\text{H}$ - $^1\text{H}$  COSY,  $^{13}\text{C}$ - $^1\text{H}$  COSY, COLOC spectra, these amino acids were determined to be serine, glycine, alanine, valine, phenylalanine, and proline units. The spectral data are shown in Table 1.

To further determine the sequence and the peptide to be a cyclopeptide, COLOC and pos. FAB-MS spectra were performed. The sequence of amino acid is summarized by COLOC spectra in Fig.1<sup>[8]</sup>. In the positive FAB-MS spectrum the peptide gave  $[M+1]^+$  at  $m/z$  559, and the Mw was accorded with that of a cyclopeptide containing the amino acids mentioned above. The pathway is summarized by pos. FAB-MS in Fig.2. Therefore, the structure of the peptide named annomuricatin A, a hexacyclopeptide, was elucidated as cyclo-(prolyl-phenylalanyl-valyl-seryl-alanyl-glycyl).

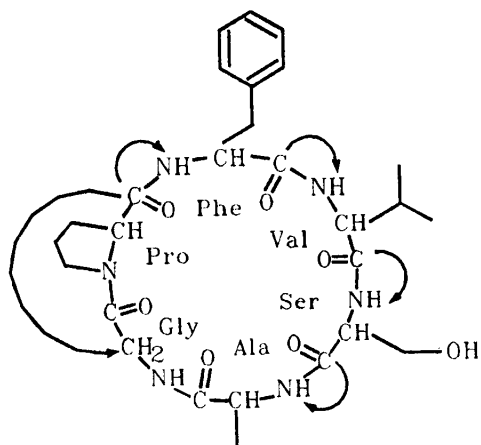


Fig. 1 Selected signals of COLOC spectra of annomuricatin A

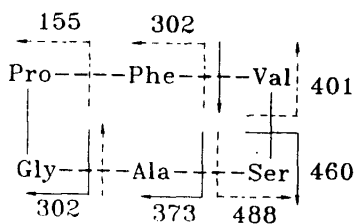


Fig. 2 Selected signals of pos. FAB-MS of annomuricatin A

## EXPERIMENTAL

Mp: uncorr. Optical rotation was recorded on a SEPA-300. UV was obtained on a UV-210. IR was recorded on a PE-577. Pos. FB-MS were measured on a Autospec-3000. NMR were taken at a Bruker AM-400 in  $C_5D_5N$  soln using TMS as int. standard. Amino acid analysis was performed on a Hitachi 835-50.

Table 1  $^1H$  and  $^{13}C$  NMR spectral data of Annomuricatin A (in  $C_5D_5N$ , 400MHz for  $\delta_H$ , 100MHz for  $\delta_C$ , TMS)

Amino acid residues	H	C	Amino acid residues	H	C
Gly			Val		
$\alpha$	3.11(1H, dd)	42.35	$\alpha$	3.90(1H, t, 9.5)	62.14
	3.78(1H, m)		$\beta$	2.05(1H, m)	29.20
NH	8.91(1H, dd, 4.0, 8.4)		$\gamma$	0.86(6H, $2 \times CH_3$ )	19.14
C=O		171.55			19.27
Pro			NH	8.05(1H, d, 8.5)	
$\alpha$	4.14(1H, m)	61.24	C=O		170.54
$\beta$	1.83(1H, m)	28.49	Ser		
	2.05(1H, m)		$\alpha$	4.29(1H, m)	54.76
$\gamma$	2.05(2H, m)	25.08	$\beta$	3.45(1H, m)	60.95
$\delta$	3.45(1H, m)	46.82		3.78(1H, m)	
	3.78(1H, m)		NH	8.15(1H, d, 9.2)	
C=O		167.89	C=O		168.64
Phe			Ala		
$\alpha$	4.60(1H, m)	53.67*	$\alpha$	4.60(1H, m)	46.20*
$\beta$	2.62(1H, t)	38.00	$\beta$	1.23(3H, d, 6.9)	17.30
	3.26(1H, dd, 4.3, 13.0)		NH	7.43(1H, d, 7.3)	
$\varphi$	7.20(5H, m)	125.97	C=O		170.38
		127.77			
		129.53			
		137.40			
NH	8.23(1H, d, 9.5)				
C=O		169.62			

\* The assignments may be reversed.

**Extraction and isolation.** Crushed air-dried seeds of *A. muricata* (2kg, cultivated in Xishuangbanna, Yunnan province in China) were repeatedly percolated with 95% EtOH and the extracts concd in vacuo. The EtOH extract was partitioned with  $CHCl_3$  to yield the  $CHCl_3$  soluble fraction which was then partitioned between petroleum ether and 90% aqueous MeOH (1:1) to yield the 90% aqueous MeOH soluble fraction(200g). The 90% aqueous MeOH fraction(160g) was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel using petroleum ether:EtOAc:MeOH gradient elution, affording annomuricatin A(105mg).

**Annomuricatin A.** Yield  $6.6 \times 10^{-3}\%$ , needles(MeOH), mp 285—287°C,  $[\alpha]_D^{23} + 11.28^\circ$  ( $C_5H_5N$ ; c 0.4).  $UV_{\lambda_{max}}^{EtOH}$  nm( $\epsilon$ ): 202( $2.8 \times 10^3$ );  $IR_{\nu_{max}}^{KBr}$   $cm^{-1}$ : 3250, 1720, 1685.  $^1H$  and  $^{13}C$  NMR see Table 1. Pos. FAB-MS m/z: 559[M+1] $^+$ (calcd for  $C_{27}H_{38}N_6O_7$  559.2949, found 559.2880), 488, 460, 401, 373, 302, 155. Amino acid analysis (standard method): Ser(1eq), Gly(1eq), Ala(1eq), Val(1eq), Phe(1eq), and Pro(1eq).

**Acknowledgements** We are very grateful to Mr He Yi-neng (Kunming Institute of Botany, China)

for recording NMR and FAB-MS spectra.

## REFERENCES

- [1] Tan N H, Zhou J, Chen C X *et al.* Cyclopeptides from the roots of *Pseudostellaria heterophylla*. *Phytochem*, 1993, **32**: 1327—1330.
- [2] Tan N H, Zhou J. Heterophyllin C, a new cyclopeptide from *Pseudostellaria heterophylla*. *Acta Bot Yunnan*, 1995, **17**: 60.
- [3] Li C M, Tan N H, Zheng H L *et al.* Cyclopeptide from the seeds of *Annona glabra*. *Chin Chem Lett*, 1995, **6**: 39—40.
- [4] Myint S H, Laurens A, Hocquemiller R *et al.* Murisolin: a new cytotoxic mono-tetrahydrofuran- $\gamma$ -lactone from *Annona muricata*. *Heterocycles*, 1990, **31**: 861—867.
- [5] Myint S H, Cortes D, Laurens A *et al.* Solamin, a cytotoxic mono-tetrahydrofuranic  $\gamma$ -lactone acetogenin from *Annona muricata* seeds. *Phytochemistry*, 1991, **30**: 3335—3338.
- [6] Rieser M J, Kozlowski J F, Wood K V *et al.* Muricatacin: a simple biologically active acetogenin derivative from the seeds of *Annona muricata*(Annonaceae). *Tetrahedron Letter*, 1991, **32**: 1137—1140.
- [7] Li C M, Mu Q, Hao X J *et al.* Three new bioactive annonaceous acetogenins from *Annona muricata*. *Chin Chem Lett*, 1994, **5**: 747—750.
- [8] Tan N H, Wang D Z, Zhang H J *et al.* Determination of amino acid sequences of two new cyclopeptides by 2D NMR. *Chin Magn Reson*, 1993, **10**: 69—74.